MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTH ASIA REVIEW

29 JUNE 1982

Lebanon

Israeli Policy, Comment -- There are grounds for hope that Israel's call for the removal of the "terrorists" from Beirut will not be in vain, Prime Minister Menahem Begin said in a message to MAPAM leaders reported by Jerusalem radio. However, Begin also told Agudat Yisra'el MK's that if the "terrorists" do not respond "within a short time" to Israel's demands, Israel will remove them from the city with all the means at its disposal, according to IDF radio. Nevertheless, Jerusalem radio said that after a day of feverish contacts involving U.S., French, Saudi, Egyptian and Lebanese representatives, authoritative sources in Jerusalem expressed cautious optimism that the "terrorists" will leave Lebanon shortly. The radio said Israel is prepared to allow them to depart by sea instead of overland and their likely destination would be Libya. Noting that Israel has already given answers to the PLO's demand to be allowed to retain its personal arms and to leave a nucleus of units in the Lebanese Army, the radio stressed that if the "terrorists" do not leave Beirut, Israel will soon decide on other ways to remove them. In a related report, IDF radio said the question of whether the PLO would depart with or without its arms was still an unresolved problem. It noted that Israel had been informed of the chance for a settlement by the United States. The radio subsequently reported that on 29 June the Israelis were awaiting further news from U.S. envoy Philip Habib in Beirut. Government sources affirmed that the PLO is not in a position to present conditions and that Israel does not intend to negotiate with it, the radio said. Earlier, senior Israeli officials warned that U.S. diplomacy is operating within a limited time-frame of days not weeks, according to Jerusalem radio.

Lebanese Contacts, PLO Position -- Lebanese Prime Minister Shafiq al-Wazzan said he had given U.S. envoy Habib "useful Palestinian ideas" for a solution to the Lebanese conflict during a meeting which also included the Lebanese president and foreign minister, AFP reported. Al-Wazzan said the ideas are aimed at reaching a solution that will allow the reestablishment of Lebanese sovereignty over the country and an end to the Israeli occupation. According to Beirut radio, Al-Wazzan emphasized to Habib the need to exert every effort to maintain the cease-fire.

Meanwhile, Jerusalem radio cited a Beirut radio report that the PLO had agreed to lay down its arms and leave Lebanon. According to diplomatic sources cited by Maj Sa'd Haddad's Voice of Hope radio, a PLO offer to evacuate Beirut by sea was conveyed to Israel through Habib. The sources said the PLO agreed to evacuate if Israel withdrew its forces 5 km from forward positions around Beirut.

However, the clandestine Voice of Palestine radio called the reports on the alleged PLO offer "lies and intrigues," adding that false reports will not change the firm and just Palestinian stand. In a statement reported by the radio, PLO Executive Committee member Salah Khalaf said the PLO is adhering to its decision not to negotiate with Israel or the United States but with the legitimate Lebanese authority, on condition that Israeli forces withdraw 5-10 km from their positions around Beirut. He added that once this takes place the PLO will enter into negotiations with the Lebanese authorities aimed at "regulating the Palestinians' armed presence in Lebanon."

Cease-Fire, Military Situation -- The cease-fire continued on 28 June, although Israeli planes drew antiaircraft fire when they overflew Beirut and dropped leaflets, Beirut radio reported. Noting that the leaflets warned west Beirut residents to save their lives by leaving the area since "time is running out," Voice of Lebanon radio spoke of an intense evacuation of west Beirut early on 29 June. The previous day, the radio reported an Israeli-Syrian clash in the outskirts of Hammana, north of the Beirut-Damascus highway in the central sector. The radio subsequently noted that the Syrians

had reinforced positions in the Zahlah area. Meanwhile, the IDF spokesman announced that IDF casualties in the Lebanese campaign were 268 dead and 1,255 wounded, according to Jerusalem radio.

Evacuation Proposal, Denial -- Under a Saudi proposal reported by Voice of Lebanon radio, the Palestinians will be airlifted by Saudi planes to the place of their choice. Earlier, in a statement to AL-AHRAM reported by MENA, Egyptian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Butrus Ghali categorically denied reports that five Egyptian ships had left Alexandria for Beirut to facilitate the transfer of the PLO to Egypt.

Mubarak Statement -- Egyptian President Husni Mubarak, in a message to the EEC summit conference, called on Europe to play an important role in finding a solution to the Lebanese crisis and the Palestinian problem, AFP reported,. Mubarak said the U.S. veto of the French-sponsored UN Security Council resolution on Lebanon proves that although the United States has accepted the role of full partner in the peace process, it is not yet willing to adopt a policy consistent with this role. He stated that a lack of firmness by the United States gives Israel the impression it can count on American support regardless of its policy.

In a statement reported by Monte Carlo radio, Mubarak launched a "fierce attack" on the Syrian authorities because of their stand on the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and accused them of reaching a friendly agreement with Israel which provides for making Jordan a national homeland for the Palestinians while Syria takes over the Al-Biqa' Valley as compensation for the Golan Heights.

Iran-Iraq Conflict

Iraqi forces have completed their withdrawal from Iran and now stand on the border in a high state of preparedness, according to an armed forces communique carried by INA.

Iraq

Eight government ministers and the same number of Revolution Command Council (RCC) members lost their posts in a reshuffle announced at the end of the Ba'th Party congress in Baghdad, INA reported. Ten new ministers have been appointed and a new nine-man RCC has been established. Six presidential advisers with ministerial status have also been appointed. According to a congress statement broadcast by Baghdad radio, President Saddam Husayn said in a speech to the delegates that "enemies of the revolution" have influenced some Iraqi students and workers. Criticizing those party officials who have been unable to uphold Ba'thist principles and ideology, he said antiparty and lazy elements must be weeded out.

Iran

Revolution guards arrested some 50 Mojahedin-e Khalq members in Karaj, Tehran radio reported. Meanwhile, the clandestine Radio Iran said the authorities have demanded the maximum sentence for 150 recently arrested members of the "Nima" organization, which was reportedly planning a coup d'etat.

FBIS DAILY REPORT

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PDPA CENTRAL COMMITTEE POLITBURO HOLDS SESSION

LD271830 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 27 Jun 82

[Text] Babrak Karmal, general secretary of the PDPA Central Committee and chairman of the DRA Revolutionary Council, chaired a session of the PDPA Central Committee Politburo this afternoon.

At the start of the session Babrak Karmal presented a comprehensive report about the results of the official and friendly visit of a high-ranking party and government delegation to the GDR.

The PDPA Central Committee Politburo approved the Babrak Karmal report and the results of the friendly and official visit to the GDR.

The session also highly evaluated the results of talks and meetings between the delegations and leaders of the DRA and the GDR, the signing of a friendship and cooperation agreement between the two countries and other documents.

The session also appreciated and highly evaluated the warm and sincere welcomes by the SED, government and the people of the GDR for the DRA delegation, and their profound and all-round support for the revolution and struggles of the PDPA, government and the Afghan people.

The PDPA Central Committee Politburo also considered a number of party and government issues and took necessary decisions on these matters.

BARIALAY ADDRESSES SOLDIERS IN PANJSHER

LD270542 Kabul BAKHTAR in English 0445 GMT 27 Jun 82

[Text] Kabul, June 26, BAKHTAR -- Mahmud Barialay, alternate member of the Politburo and secretary of the Central Committee of the PDPA, accompanied by Lt. Gen. Gol Aqa, general president of the political affairs of the Armed Forces of the DRA and Eng. Yasin Sadiqi, general president of the department of the local organs of state power, visited Panjsher District today.

Addressing the soldiers of revolution and the officers of the armed forces in the village of Bazarak, he highly appreciated the sacrifices and the heroic acts of these valorous soldiers in crushing the bandits and in restoring law and order and establishing peace and tranquillity in Panjsher District.

The representatives of the soldiers of revolution and the Armed Forces of the DRA each in turn assured Barialay of the prodigious sacrifices that they are going to make in strengthening and further consolidating their gains in the area, establishing complete peace and tranquillity and in serving the tormented people of this area.

Returns to Kabul

LD290658 Kabul BAKHTAR in English 0450 GMT 29 Jun 82

[Text] Kabul, June 27, BAKHTAR -- Mahmud Barialay, alternate member of Politburo, secretary of the PDPA Central Committee and Lt General Gol Aqa, general president of the political affairs of the army and Yasin Sadiqi, general president of the local organs of the state power, visited Onaba [name as received] District of Panjsher today. While visiting the elementary school of Onaba, Mahmud Barialay praised the high spirit and militancy of the soldiers of revolution who have gone to Panjsher to help the people restore their new life there.

Barialay and his companions returned to Kabul in the afternoon.

MASHRIQ: SOVIETS USING CHEMICAL WEAPONS

GF281710 Karachi MASHRIQ in Urdu 27 Jun 82 p 6

[Text] London, 26 Jun (AAP) -- The Soviets have once again widely used chemical gas against the resistance in Afghanistan. Chemical bombs were dropped in the (Sur) region of the Qeysar subdivision of the far northern Faryab Province of Afghanistan during several attacks by Soviet helicopter gunships flying in from across the border during the first week of June.

The poisonous gas produced by these bombs was of red, white and black color and affects the brain. It makes the victim lose consciousness for 4 to 5 hours. It is reported that after making the people unconscious with these bombs, hundreds of Soviet troops landed in the area and searched the houses in the villages and captured young men between the ages of 14 and 22 whose whereabouts are still unknown.

It has been reported that the Soviet helicopters landed in (Takhta Bazar) and (Marveh) and then flew back into Soviet territory. Similarly, Soviet troops are also reported to enter the (Chul) subdivision in tanks and armored cars and then return to Soviet territory.

On 12 June Soviet troops mounted a severe attack on Qeysar with guns and helicopter gunships, killing 15 citizens, a majority of them women and children. Early warning prevented a greater loss of life, in spite of the great number of houses destroyed during the attack.

KABUL REPORTS U.S. 'BUILDUP' IN INDIAN OCEAN

GF290547 Kabul in English to South Asia 1530 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Unattributed commentary: "For Peace in the Indian Ocean")

[Excerpts] International imperialism, headed by U.S. imperialism, has in the course of this [word indistinct] been always seeking to consolidate its neocolonial and exploitative domination of the territories in vast areas of the world which are of great importance in view of their strategical location. World-devouring imperialism ignores the need of international peace and security and neither shows the least concern about the national sovereignty and independence of developing countries. It uses all means, foremost (?adopting) military and economic pressures, to achieve its sinister objectives. It is common knowledge that imperialism wants to preserve itself (?through) use of its military and economic power.

From the strategic, political and economic viewpoint, the Indian Ocean has acquired considerable importance. As the world has witnessed, the U.S. imperialism has turned the Diego Garcia Island in the Indian Ocean into a big naval base in order to achieve domination over the littoral countries in the region. The United States plans to spend $25 billion in the next 5 years for militarization of the Indian Ocean.

The U.S. military buildup in the Indian Ocean, from the very outset, caused a [word indistinct] concern and anxiety of peace-loving countries in the world, especially the littoral countries of the region. Only recently, in the joint declaration of the DRA and the GDR, both sides expressed their concern at the militarization of the Indian Ocean by the United States. They noted further that the DRA and the GDR will continue for implementation of the UN resolution concerning the transformation of the Indian Ocean into a zone of peace.

While supporting the proposal of the countries in the Indian Ocean region for turning it into a zone of peace, we believe that such a proposal can be (?transformed) into reality by the (?concerted) efforts of the world's peace-loving forces.

COMMISSION PROPOSAL PRESENTED TO PAKISTAN

BK281440 Delhi General Overseas Service in English 1330 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] India has conveyed to Pakistan its proposal for establishing a joint commission. Details of the proposal were handed over to the Pakistani Embassy in New Delhi.

The joint commission was proposed by Prime Minister Mrs Gandhi when former Pakistan Foreign Minister Agha Shahi met her in New Delhi recently. Agha Shahi welcomed the proposal.

An official spokesman told newsmen in New Delhi today that India hopes the joint commission will be an active one and contribute to better relations between the two countries in economic, commercial, scientific, technical, cultural and other fields.

PAKISTAN ACQUIRING ELECTRONIC MILITARY EQUIPMENT

BK270944 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 27 Jun 82

[Text] Pakistan has sent high-powered teams to the United States, Britain, West Germany and Italy to acquire highly sophisticated electronic countermeasure military equipment. An agency report says, under a recently signed contract, Pakistan started receiving sophisticated low-level mobile radars and other communication equipment from the West European countries. These radars are stated to be of pulse-doppler type and can take very low flying aircraft and scan areas up to 100 km.

Pakistan has also concluded an agreement with the United States for the supply of automatic data-handling equipment. The agency says a major portion of this new equipment is now being flown into Pakistan. Pakistan's Air Force is also reported to be finalizing plans to convert one squadron of its transport planes into some kind of airborne warning and control system. It is stated that this will help in upgrading Pakistan's electronic warfare capabilities to a highly offensive level.

RAO ON LEBANON, TALKS WITH PRC, PAKISTAN

BK251515 Delhi ISI Diplomatic Information Service in English 1432 GMT 25 Jun 82

[Text] In a statement, the official spokesman said that the consultative committee for the Ministry of External Affairs met on June 25 morning and extended into the afternoon. Attention was accorded as a matter of priority to the situation in Lebanon arising out of Israel's aggression in that country. Other subjects discussed included the results of last round of talks at the official level between China and India, review of Indo-Bangladesh relations in light of the foreign minister's visit to Dacca in May and Indo-Pak relations with special reference to the draft relating to a nonaggression pact and establishment of a joint commission.

There was a unanimous condemnation of Israeli action by all members of the consultative committee. It was suggested that India must stand by the PLO and its chairman Yasir 'Arafat in his hour of need as earnest of India's goodwill for and friendship with the people of Palestine. The foreign minister confirmed to the consultative committee that our permanent representative in the United Nations has been instructed to work in close cooperation with the PLO representation there in line with the positive and principled stand on the Palestine question which India had consistently adhered to.

On the India-China talks held in May, the foreign minister began by reviewing the developments since June 1981 when the Chinese foreign minister visited India. He recalled that it was during that visit that the Chinese had agreed that the boundary issue is the central issue to relations between the countries.

The foreign minister said that at the second round of talks various principles and working propositions were advanced regarding the approach to be adopted for starting negotiations for the settlement, including the possibility of full implementation of the Colombo proposals. The foreign minister went on to say that it was recognized on both sides that the common basis and approach has to be evolved as a first step towards solving the boundary problem in each sector. It was recognized that an atmosphere conducive for the settlement needs to be maintained.

Summing up the foreign minister said that the main result of these exercises have been a greater degree of engagement of minds on points of difference and the extent of these differences between India and China on the border question. Regarding the third round the foreign minister said this shall be held at a time to be decided in consultation with China.

On Indo-Pak relations, the foreign secretary will go to Pakistan on 7 August for the foreign secretary level meeting of South Asian countries, then he will stay for some days for discussing bilateral matters. He also confirmed that we have received the draft no-war pact from Pakistan and we are preparing our own draft which will be given to Pakistan shortly.

The foreign minister acquainted members with the discussions he had with General Ershad during his recent visit to Dacca. He said that India is keen to have friendly and cooperative relationship with Bangladesh.

CHIEF OF ARMY STAFF ON WEEKLONG VISIT TO USSR

BK271600 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 27 Jun 82

[Text] Chief of the Army Staff Gen K.V. Krishna Rao left New Delhi today for Moscow on a week's official visit to the Soviet Union. General Krishna Rao is visiting the USSR at the invitation of Chief of the General Staff of the Soviet Armed Forces and First Deputy Defense Minister Marshal N.V. Ogarkov.

UTTAR PRADESH CHIEF MINISTER RESIGNS IN PROTEST

BK281247 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1230 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister Vishwanath Pratap Singh has resigned. He submitted his resignation to the governor today. This was disclosed by Singh himself while addressing a news conference in Lucknow this afternoon. He said that he had resigned because of the carnages in Kanpur and Manipuri Districts in which 16 people were shot dead by Docoits last night.

In reply to a question, the chief minister said that he had not consulted the Congress-I high command on the submission of his resignation.

OPPOSITION PROTESTS BHAJAN LAL HARYANA MINISTRY

BK240944 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 24 Jun 82

[Excerpts] Haryana Chief Minister Bhajan Lal has won the first trial of strength on the floor of the state assembly today when Tara Singh of the Congress-I was declared elected speaker of the newly constituted house.

Earlier, when the governor arrived in the house for his address, the opposition did not rise from their seats to welcome him. During the governor's address, the opposition kept shouting, protesting against his invitation to Bhajan Lal to form the new Haryana government.

In Chandigarh, a protest march was organized by some opposition parties against the installation of the Bhajan Lal ministry in Haryana. The police resorted to cane charge when demonstrators tried to break the police cordon about half a kilometer from the state assembly.

According to an official spokesman, 50 policemen were injured, 2 of them seriously, in stone throwing indulged in by the demonstrators. Some demonstrators were also reported to have been injured.

OPPOSITION CANDIDATE COMMENTS ON ELECTIONS

BK281500 Hong Kong AFP in English 1119 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] New Delhi, June [date as received] (AFP) -- The opposition parties' candidate for the July 12 presidential election, Justice H. R. Khanna, said today he considered his chances of winning good if voting was free and based on conscience.

Justice Khanna, 70, who is the nominee of the combined nine-party opposition in Parliament, told a press conference that at the same time he had no plans to appeal to Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to allow her party legislators to cast their votes according to their conscience and not along party lines.

Opposing Justice Khanna for the chief executive's post which falls vacant on July 24 is ruling Congress Party candidate Giani Zail Singh, 66.

The electoral college for the poll consists of members of the two houses of Parliament and those of the 22 state assemblies.

As the ruling Congress controls the two houses of Parliament as well as the majority of the state assemblies, Mr. Singh's election as India's seventh president is considered by observers here to be a foregone conclusion.

Justice Khanna made it clear that he did not think Mrs. Gandhi would allow her party men to indulge in a conscience vote.

If elected, Mr. Singh would be the first member of the 12-million-strong Sikh community to reach the high office.

In a prepared statement issued to the press, Justice Khanna said it was essential for the proper functioning of the Indian Constitution that the president should "project an image of impartiality, fairness and independence."

He believed that the president and the Council of Ministers should work in harmony and he was against any kind of confrontation between the two, he added.

Justice Khanna, who resigned as justice of the Supreme Court because he was superceded by Mrs. Gandhi's government for the post of chief justice, deplored that political chicanery and corruption had taken deep roots in Indian public life.

He warned that unless the situation was remedied the Constitution and the democratic system would be in danger.

Justice Khanna refused to pass remarks on the personality of his opponent but hinted that Mr. Singh, an ardent supporter of Mrs. Gandhi, could not be expected to be non-partisan and fair in his main job, which was to uphold the Constitution.

He also said his main aim seeking election was to raise the moral tone of public life and protect the image of fairness, impartiality and independence of the Constitution.

Justice Khanna is expected to tour the various Indian states in the coming days campaigning for his election.

YAQUB KHAN RETURNS FROM GENEVA TALKS 28 JUNE

BK281555 Karachi Domestic Service in Urdu 1500 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] Foreign Minister Sahabzada Yaqub Khan returned to Islamabad this afternoon from his visit abroad. He represented Pakistan at the UN-sponsored indirect talks on Afghanistan in Geneva.

He also participated in the Nonaligned Coordinating Bureau meeting in Havana. [passage indistinct]

PAKISTANI, INDIAN OFFICIALS TO MEET IN AUGUST

BK281058 Karachi Domestic Service in English 1005 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] A Foreign Office spokesman said in Islamabad today that the foreign secretaries of Pakistan and India are expected to meet in Islamabad next August for bilateral discussions. The dates for the meeting are being worked out. He recalled that the foreign ministers of Pakistan and India agreed in February last that the officials of the two countries would meet in order to continue exchanges of views on the substance of the proposed nonaggression and nonuse of force agreement. Some of the elements of the proposed agreement were discussed during Agha Shahi's visit to New Delhi last January.

Pakistan's draft of the proposed agreement was handed over to K. Natwar Singh, secretary in the Ministry of External Affairs of the Government of India, when he visited Pakistan on the first of this month. The spokesman said that the Government of Pakistan has been informed that the draft is receiving careful and serious consideration of the Government of India.

He said the Government of Pakistan looks forward to the visit of M. K. Rasgotra, the foreign secretary of India. He further recalled that during Agha Shahi's visit to New Delhi, Prime Minister Mrs Indira Gandhi proposed the establishment of a joint commission to review and promote bilateral relations. Pakistan welcomed the proposal. So far, no discussion has taken place on the substantive aspects of this matter.

On the 26th of this month, the charge d'affaires of the Pakistan Embassy in New Delhi was given a draft agreement on a joint commission for economic, trade, scientific, technical and cultural cooperation. The text is expected to reach Islamabad shortly. It will receive earnest consideration of the Government of Pakistan.

HAQ INTERVIEWED ON FOREIGN, DOMESTIC ISSUES

GF281735 Jidda AL-MADINAH in Arabic 26 Jun 82 p 15

[Interview granted by President Mohammad Ziaul Haq to AL-MADINAH correspondent 'Abd ar-Rashid Andijani -- date and place not given]

[Excerpts] [Question] Mr President, there has been much talk about Indo-Pakistani relations. Recently there have been some developments, what is your assessment of these relations?

[Answer] We in Pakistan believe that Indo-Pakistani relations are good and must remain so. We have exerted continuous efforts to improve these relations because we are aware of the importance of good relations with neighboring countries in order to help the peoples construct their countries and achieve prosperity and progress.

[Question] Do you not believe that the Indian Ocean must be kept out of international rivalries?

[Answer] As I said before, we are trying to have good relations not only with India but also with all our neighbors; the Indian Ocean must be kept out of international compromises, one-upmanship and conflicts. The only way for the region's countries to do so is to cooperate and unite against any attempt of foreign intervention or presence.

[Question] You almost signed a no-war pact with India. However, the agreement was not signed because of continued differences between the two countries. New efforts have been made to sign this pact. Will these efforts be fruitful?

[Answer] As you know, we tried to sign a no-war pact with India. However, this agreement was obstructed or postponed due to minor differences of opinion. We are now renewing efforts to sign the no-war pact because we are aware of the fact that this agreement is important in expanding our relations with India and other neighboring countries.

[Question] Some people believe that U.S. relations with India and Pakistan are tense, and this is shown in the continued postponement of your visit and Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's visit to the United States. How do you evaluate these relations?

[Answer] I want to say that we hope that our relations with the United States are improving. In my view, they are improving. I have received an invitation from President Ronald Reagan to visit the United States. I will visit the United States in December, God willing.

[Question] The Iraqi-Iranian war is still going on despite the great efforts that have been exerted by the Islamic Good Offices Committee and other commitees. What is your view on the dimensions of this war? Can we say that the committee's efforts have failed?

[Answer] We cannot say that the efforts by the Islamic Good Offices Committee -- which was formed by the Islamic summit conference to end the Iraqi-Iranian war -- have failed. We still hope that the Baghdad and Tehran leaders will understand the need to preserve Muslim blood and to quickly end this war. We had hoped the war would end before Ramadan. We believe that when Iraq and Iran agree to end the war and give guarantees to preserve peace between them it will be necessary to call for convening an Islamic summit conference.

[Question] Western information media frequently raise a storm about Pakistan's nuclear program in an attempt to foil it. Have you gone beyond the dangerous stage in this program and its objectives?

[Answer] We are going ahead with our nuclear program and are always trying to improve it because we are aware of the necessity for this technology in our country. That is why we are trying to use it for peaceful purposes.

[Question] Many people wonder when democratic life will return to Pakistan as disturbances take place in your country from time to time. What is your comment?

[Answer] We in Pakistan are trying to comprehensively apply Islamic law after a long period during which our country witnessed some violations. In fact, we have made a great step in this regard. As for the talk about internal disturbances, what takes place is on a much smaller scale than what is reported by the media.

In fact, what takes place are attempts by some parties to spread disorder and disturbances. We are following these groups to protect the Pakistani people and Pakistan's supreme interests against their harmful effects. I want to say that these groups do not pose any threat nor do they obstruct us in implementing our policy aimed at serving the nation's interest.

HAQ ADDRESSES GRADUATING NAVAL OFFICERS

GF251250 Karachi DAWN in English 23 Jun 82 p 8

[Text] President Gen. Mohammad Ziaul Haq has said that modern naval warfare has become a very intensive equipment-oriented phenomenon.

In a message to the newly commissioned naval officers on the occasion of the 37th commissioning parade at Pakistan Naval Academy PNS Rahbar, the president said the pace of advancement in technology is particularly relevant to the modern naval forces, as has recently been demonstrated in the South Atlantic.

"The deadlines and speed with which retribution can now come at sea make it imperative for the future naval officers to be also highly accomplished technicians", he said.

The president said: "I am pleased to know that the Pakistan Navy has lately made a major effort to improve the technical content of the training of its officers and men. But this blend of the art of naval warfare with the science of modern weaponry shall not come to you easily and will demand constant and consistent effort on your part".

He told the commissioning cadets of their responsibility of country's shares to safeguarding its Islamic ideology. "The strength of your faith will fortify you in your resolve to excel yourselves in the fulfilment of your responsibilities".

The president expressed satisfaction that Pakistan, despite its limitations, is doing its best to assist the brotherly Muslim countries in training their naval officers at the Pakistan Naval Academy.

WALI KHAN: ELECTIONS ONLY SOLUTION TO PROBLEMS

GF281148 Karachi DAWN in English 27 Jun 82 p 1

[Text] Peshawar, June 26 -- Khan Abdul Wali Khan, leader of defunct NDP, who left here for London last evening, told newsmen at the Peshawar airport before his departure that he saw no other solution to the national problems except general elections under the 1973 Constitution, transfer of power to elected representatives of the people and restoration of all democratic institutions.

Replying to a question, he said that in his opinion referendum on national issues will not work as establishment of Majlis-i-Shoora has proved "a failure."

He said: "If we claim that the holy Koran is our only guide, we should follow it in letter and spirit. It does not have the institution of a regular military and every individual of the Muslim society was a mujahid and a soldier."

Regarding MRD's ineffectiveness, Mr Wali Khan said when the leaders of its component parties were not allowed to enter other provinces how could it play any positive role.

He, however, admitted that it was only a movement and some parties had agreed upon certain points which could lead to restoration of democracy and it was not a permanent political collaboration.

Replying to a question, he said if zakat and usher were the pillars of Islam, what is the necessity of imposing other taxes in the country as in an Islamic state there exists no such taxes.

He stressed that there was no class system in Islam and Koran teaches complete equality and parity among the various sections of the Muslim ummah. -- PPI

KASHMIR POLITICIAN ASKS FOR ELECTIONS

BK281300 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1230 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] A leading politician of Pakistan-occupied Kashmir, Sardar Mohammad Ibrahim, has asked the military regime to hold free and fair elections in the territory.

A former president of the occupied territory and the leader of the four-party alliance, Sardar Ibrahim is reported to have declared in Lahore that the struggle for the restoration of democracy and the Constitution would continue until they achieve success.

PRC TRADE DELEGATION ARRIVES IN GILGIT

BK251023 Karachi Domestic Service in English 1005 GMT 25 Jun 82

[Text] A 13-member Chinese trade delegation arrived in Gilgit from Sinkiang today. During its weeklong stay, it will discuss matters of bilateral relations and hold talks on concluding a new border trade protocol between the two countries.

Trade Agreement Signed

BK290621 Karachi Domestic Service in Urdu 0200 GMT 29 Jun 82

[Text] Pakistan and the PRC have signed in Giigit a new border trade agreement for the next fiscal year. The agreement provides for increasing trade contacts between Pakistan's northern frontier areas and Xinjiang autonomous region. Under the agreement goods worth 4.1 million rupees will be exchanged each way, which reflects a 5-percent increase compared to last year.

Another barter trade protocol under the border trade program between the two countries will be signed on Thursday [1 July].

RAFSANJANI ON 28 JUNE BOMBING ANNIVERSARY

LD282036 Tehran IRNA in English 1948 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] Tehran, June 28 (IRNA) -- Majlis Speaker Hojjat ol-Eslam Hashemi-Rafsanjani told a one-million-strong rally in front of the Islamic Consultative Assembly (Majlis) here today that the martyrdom of the group of 73 on June 28 last year had helped to further the Islamic revolution as much as would have any scheme for doing away with the enemies of the Islamic revolution. He said that the bomb blast at the headquarters of the Islamic Republic Party (IRP) on this day last year, had been a plot designed and engineered jointly by the "hypocrites" (members of the outlawed Mojahedin-e Khalq organisation). He reminded the audience that the promoters of the plot were now "living in abject misery in Paris or elsewhere in the United States with a dark future." The hojjat ol-Eslam said the performance of the government and the people during the one year since the catastrophe had been brilliant.

Said he: "Those who were able to pull to the streets certain groups of our people last year (in defiance of the Islamic government) are now most hated and despised by the people."

He said members of the opposition were now repenting in their prison cells and imploring the nation's forgiveness. He noted also that while the Baghdad regime is now writhing in the agony of defeat, the Iraqi prisoners of war are repenting in the POW camps in Iran and openly and unequivocally voicing their support for the Islamic Republic. The hojjat ol-Eslam also announced, for the first time in public since the mishap, a list of the names of all people who had been martyred in the headquarters of the IRP last year, and assured the crowd as well as the nation at large, that neither the martyrdom of the group, nor any other plot was capable of blunting the people's enthusiasm for the Islamic revolution.

Minutes before Rafsanjani's speech, an 8-point resolution was read paying tribute to the group of 73. The resolution paid homage to the group, and sanctified June 28 as a day recorded by a sanguine pen in the chronicle of the Islamic revolution and certainly to be remembered in the future as a unforgettable turning point, and a day...upon which the followers of Imam Hoseyn's path responded to his call and reposed forever in their own blood.

The resolution also demanded a decisive continuation of the war against the invading enemy troops, and noted that the Baghdad regime had been withdrawing in a tactical move for saving its (?face) on the international scene and mustering fresh energy in order to renew its territorial attacks against the Islamic Republic. The people demanded in the resolution for the government to disregard the seemingly conciliatory, but really underhanded moves of the Baghdad regime, and continue the holy war against the invading Iraqi soldiers until Saddam Husayn is toppled and the Ba'thist regime in Iraq is done away with. Similar rallies were held in other cities of the country in homage to the group today.

ARMED FORCES JOINT STAFF COMMUNIQUE NO 958

LD281756 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Communique No 958 of the Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran]

[Text] In His exalted name. The honorable heroes and the victorious combatants of Islam are continuing their battle against the destructive Saddamist mercenaries on the hot and burning battlefronts of Khuzestan and on the other fronts in the south and west of our Islamic homeland, Iran, and are enjoying complete superiority. They are defending their positions on all the fronts and are busy annihilating the wretched Iraqi Ba'thists. The situation on some of the fronts of the imposed war is brought to the attention of the beloved compatriots:

Exchanges of artillery and heavy-weapon fire continued between the strong forces of Islam and the crumbling Saddamist forces on most of the western fronts of the country yesterday. The Iraqi forces on the Sar-e Pol-e Zahab and Sumar fronts witnessed the destruction of several trenches and foxholes, four guns, four light and heavy vehicles, one trailer and two other vehicles. On these fronts, the self-sacrificing combatants of the ground forces managed to inflict considerable damage on six Saddamist vehicles and one command car, killing or wounding a number of the Ba'thist Iraqi forces.

The artillery fire of the combatants of the ground forces on the enemy positions on the Nowsud front set on fire and destroyed one Iraqi supply truck and either killed or wounded its occupants.

The heroes of the gendarmerie and the irregular tribal warfare units bravely returned and silenced the enemy's fire and stopped all the movements of the Iraqi Ba'thist forces, denying them the opportunity of gaining any positions.

Sporadic exchanges of fire continued on some of the Abadan and Khorramshahr fronts during the past 24 hours. They were more intense around the positions of the gendarmerie heroes. On all the positions of our combatants that came under enemy fire, the strong forces of Islam silenced the enemy's fire and inflicted losses and casualties on the forces of blasphemy.

Yesterday, as a result of the enemy's long-range artillery fire, 2 beloved Abadani and Khoramshahri compatriots were martyred and 16 others wounded.

Yesterday three intruding aircraft of the aggressive Iraqi Army intended to violate the airspace of Ilam but they were forced to flee by the fire of the air defense units of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

[Signed] The Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran

CLANDESTINE ON 'IMAGINARY COUP D'ETAT'

GF281704 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] We start this newscast with a report from Tehran. The Khomeyni regime has again discovered an imaginary coup d'etat. According to world news agencies, recent claims by the government mass media in Tehran concerning the discovery of a coup are related to the arrest of 150 persons among which are armed forces personnel.

DEUTCHE WELLE, the voice of the FRG, referring to the reports by the mass media in Tehran, has claimed that the coupists intended to bring a military regime into power. It seems that the antinationalist regime of Khomeyni, using this empty claim, again intends to murder the armed forces personnel and massacre various groups of the people of our homeland. The discovery of imaginary coups by the regime of mullahs is an excuse for the arrest of the patriotic officers of the Iranian Army and the creation of terror among the patriotic armed forces, and the story of the discovery of the latest coup -- like all the former lies of the regime -- is a plot.

150 Arrested

GF281455 (Clandestine) Radio Iran in Persian to Iran 1330 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] The maximum sentence has been asked for the 150 (Nima) organization members arrested 2 days ago. According to the claims of the Islamic Republic, the clandestine (Nima) organization had widespread plans for a coup d'etat against the present Tehran regime and for the establishment of a military government.

The Islamic Republic did not mention the discovery of a coup in the beginning, mentioning it in yesterday's ETTELA'AT only after it was reported by the southern countries of the Persian Gulf.

As we said, the maximum sentence has been asked for the arrested individuals. However, many of the 150 arrested are probably not members of the (Nima) organization.

We remind you that after the unsuccessful uprising of 9 June 1980 by the Neqab ["Mask," a clandestine resistance organization formed by supporters of former Prime Minister Bakhtiar] organization, many army personnel and civilians who had no ties with the Neqab organization were put in front of firing squads for 'participating' in the uprising.

GUARDS REPORT OPERATION AGAINST KARAJ 'HYPROCRITES'

LD281216 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Statement issued by the Central Islamic Revolution Committee -- date not given]

[Excerpts] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Some of the successful operations of the guards of the Islamic Revolution Committees of Tehran and the township of (Raja'i Shahr) are brought to the attention of the members of the Hezbollahi nation.

The selfless guardsmen of the Islamic Revolution Committee of (Raja'i Shahr), helped by the guardsmen of the Islamic Revolution Committees of Tehran, after pursuing, checking and discovering safehouses in a long series of operations named after Martyr Raja'i, succeeded in destroying approximately 80 percent of the hellish hyprocrites organization in Karaj. In these operations, approximately 50 important cadres of the hypocrites, including members in charge of military teams, supplies, finance, security and news who have been on the wanted list for the last year or so were arrested, and 1 was killed.

Also in these successful operations four safehouses were discovered and destroyed in connection with these mercenaries in Karaj and Tehran. From these houses a considerable number of important interorganizational documents, including various plots to deal blows to the Islamic revolution, were seized. Also, following the discovery of a house belonging to the hyprocrites by the selfless guards of the Islamic Revolution Committee of Tehran, three criminal hypocrites were killed and several firearms such as G-3's and grenades and several interorganizational documents were seized by the guardsmen.

CLANDESTINE: GUARDS KILLED IN KARAJ, TEHRAN

GF281658 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 28 Jun 82

[Text] (?Twenty-nine) guards have been killed in the clashes which have occurred in Tehran during the past 3 days. This dispatch was sent to us a few moments ago by our correspondent, who sent it to the clandestine transmitter center of the Free Voice of Iran.

The annihilated guards were destroyed by the forces opposing the regime in clashes in Karaj, around Mehrabad Airport in Tehran and in Qazvin. According to this report, the agents of the Khomeyni regime attempted to stop people from going to the areas of the clashes, to remove the bodies of the guards at night from these places to take them to the cemetery.

Meanwhile, the antinationalist regime of the mullahs claimed today that a group of the active members of the Mojahedin-e Khalq organization were killed in Karaj's Golshahr villa in clashes with guards.

The names published consist mostly of names of those who were previously shot in Evin. According to our correspondent, in a clash near Zanjan, a Hezbollahi leader and three guards were killed.

The claims of the antinationalist regime on the (?discovery) of safehouses is for the sake of explaining the destruction of people's houses by heavy machineguns and RPG-7's and the murder of the opposition.

Our correspondent's report indicates that at the same time as the [word indistinct] mourning on the occasion of the anniversary of the death of Beheshti, the level of the activities of the opposition has increased.

CLERGYMAN ASSASSINATED IN KORDESTAN PROVINCE

GF271745 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 27 Jun 82

[Text] Another mullah has again been hit by the invisible arrow and killed. According to reports reaching us from the west of the country, Mullah Hojjat ol-Eslam Habib (M'adi) was killed in Kordestan at the hands of the Iranian fighters who carried out his revolutionary execution.

The occupied Tehran radio, the dishonored voice of the regime, however, did not give any details about this revolutionary execution.

Irrespective of the repeated warnings to the mullahs by the forces opposing Khomeyni's regime, a group of mullahs still imagine that they can continue their treachery without being harmed. The regime's opposition, meanwhile, carry out their threats and give the mercenary mullahs of the regime their just deserts.

I add that the Khomeyni regime claims that Mullah (M'adi) is a Sunni mullah. For the liberation fighters, Shi'ism or Sunnism is a matter raised by Khomeyni; what concerns them is following the theocratic line. The armed fighters have stated that they do not care about Shi'ism or Sunnism. Any mullah who participates in the criminal and treacherous acts of the Khomeyni regime and follows the antinationalist and anti-Islamic Khomeyni policy is sentenced to death in their view and revolutionary execution will be carried out against him.

ETTELA'AT REPORTS ARREST OF 2 'HYPROCRITES'

GF290904 Tehran ETTELA'AT in Persian 15 Jun 82 p 4

[Text] Shiraz -- A communal den of the hypocrites minigroup has been discovered in Fasa, thanks to the efforts of the selfless brothers of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps and the cooperation of the 36-million-strong intelligence organization. Two members of this U.S. puppet minigroup were arrested.

According to IRNA, the two sold-out members of the U.S. puppet minigroup -- Baqer Moraveji, son of Mohammad and Reza, and Qodratollah Yusefnezhad, alias Reza, son of Mohammad -- were delivered to the Islamic Revolution Court in Fasa.